Assessment of Chronic Illness Care

Version 3.5

Please complete the following information about you and your organization. This information will not be disclosed to anyone besides the ICIC/IHI team. We would like to get your phone number and e-mail address in the event that we need to contact you/your team in the future. Please also indicate the names of persons (e.g., team members) who complete the survey with you. Later on in the survey, you will be asked to describe the process by which you complete the survey.

Your name:	Date:
	//
	Month Day Year
Organization & Address:	Names of other persons completing the survey with you:
	1.
	2.
	3.
Your phone number: ()	Your e-mail address:
Directions for Co	mpleting the Survey

This survey is designed to help systems and provider practices move toward the "state-of-the-art" in managing chronic illness. The results can be used to help your team identify areas for improvement. Instructions are as follows:

1. **Answer each question** from the perspective of one physical site (e.g., a practice, clinic, hospital, health plan) that supports care for chronic illness.

Please provide name and type of site (e.g., Group Health Cooperative/Plan)

2. Answer each question regarding how your organization is doing with respect to one disease or condition.

Please specify condition _____

- 3. For each row, **circle the point value** that best describes the level of care that currently exists in the site and condition you chose. The rows in this form present key aspects of chronic illness care. Each aspect is divided into levels showing various stages in improving chronic illness care. The stages are represented by points that range from 0 to 11. The higher point values indicate that the actions described in that box are more fully implemented.
- 4. Sum the points in each section (e.g., total part 1 score), calculate the average score (e.g., total part 1 score / # of questions), and enter these scores in the space provided at the end of each section. Then sum all of the section scores and complete the average score for the program as a whole by dividing this by 6.

For more information about how to complete the survey, please contact:

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Improving Chronic Illness Care A National Program of the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Group Health Cooperative of Puget Sound 1730 Minor Avenue, Suite 1290 Seattle, WA 98101-1448

Assessment of Chronic Illness Care, Version 3.5

Part 1: Organization of the Healthcare Delivery System. Chronic illness management programs can be more effective if the overall system (organization) in which care is provided is oriented and led in a manner that allows for a focus on chronic illness care.

Components	Level D			Level C			Level B			Level A			
Overall	does not e	xist or there i	s a little	is reflected	ed in vision sta	atements	is refle	ected by senior lea	dership	is par	t of the system's	s long term	
Organizational	interest.			and busines	s plans, but no)	and specific dedicated resources				g strategy, receiv	ve	
Leadership in Chronic				resources an	re specifically		(dollars and personnel).			necessary resources, and specific			
Illness Care				earmarked to execute the work.						people a	are held account	able.	
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Organizational Goals	do not exis	st or are limit	or are limited to one exist but are not actively				are me	asurable and revi	ewed.	are m	easurable, revie	wed	
for Chronic Care	condition.			reviewed.						routinel	y, and are incorp	porated into	
								plans fo	r improvement.				
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Improvement	is ad hoc and not organized or utilizes ad hoc approaches for					hes for	utilize	s a proven improv	ement	includes a proven improvement			
Strategy for Chronic	supported co	nsistently.		targeted pro	oblems as they	emerge.	strategy for targeted problems.			strategy	and uses it proa	ctively in	
Illness Care										meeting	organizational	goals.	
Score	0	1	2	3 4 5 6 7 8					9	10	11		
Incentives and	are not use	ed to influenc	e clinical	are used	to influence ut	ilization	are used to support patient care			are us	sed to motivate a	and	
Regulations for	performance	goals.		and costs of	f chronic illnes	s care.	goals.			empower providers to support			
Chronic Illness Care										patient of	care goals.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Senior Leaders	discourage	e enrollment o	of the	do not m	ake improvem	ents to	encou	rage improvement	efforts	visibl	y participate in		
	chronically il	11.		chronic illn	ess care a prio	rity.	in chroni	c care.		improve	ement efforts in	chronic	
										care.			
Score	0	1	2	3 4 5 6 7 8				9	10	11			
Benefits	discourage	e patient self-		neither en	ncourage nor		encourage patient self-			are specifically designed to			
	management	or system ch	anges.	discourage patient self-				management or system changes.			es. promote better chronic illness care.		
				management or system changes.									
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	

Total Health Care Organization Score _____ Average Score (Health Care Org. Score / 6) _____

Part 2: Community Linkages. Linkages between the health delivery system (or provider practice) and community resources play important roles in the management of chronic illness.

Components	Level D			Level C			Level B			Level A		
Linking Patients to	is not done s	ystematical	ly.	is limi	ted to a list of ide	entified	is accomplished through a			is accomplished through active		
Outside Resources				accessible format.			designated staff person or resource responsible for ensuring providers and patients make maximum use of community resources.			coordination between the health system, community service agencies and patients.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Partnerships with Community Organizations	do not exist.			are being considered but have not yet been implemented.			are formed to develop supportive programs and policies.			eare actively sought to develop formal supportive programs and policies across the entire system.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Regional Health Plans	do not coord guidelines, mea resources at the	sures or ca	re	would consider some degree of coordination of guidelines, measures or care resources at the practice level but have not yet implemented changes.			currently coordinate guidelines, measures or care resources in one or two chronic illness areas.			-		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Total Community Linkages Score _____

Average Score (Community Linkages Score / 3)

Part 3: Practice Level. Several components that manifest themselves at the level of the individual provider practice (e.g. individual clinic) have been shown to improve chronic illness care. These characteristics fall into general areas of self-management support, delivery system design issues that directly affect the practice, decision support, and clinical information systems.

Part 3a: Self-Management Support. Effective self-management support can help patients and families cope with the challenges of living with and treating chronic illness and reduce complications and symptoms.

Components	Level D		Level C			Level B			Level A		
Assessment and	are not done.		are expec	cted.		are com	pleted in a stand	lardized	are regula	arly assessed	and
Documentation of						manner.			recorded in standardized form		
Self-Management									linked to a t	reatment plan	available
Needs and Activities									to practice a	and patients.	
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Self-Management	is limited to the distribution	is availab	ole by referral t	to self-	is provi	ded by trained c	linical	is provide	ed by clinical	educators	
Support	information (pamphlets, boo	klets).	managemer	nt classes or ed	ucators.	educators	who are designa	ted to do	affiliated w	ith each pract	ice,
							gement support,		1	atient empow	erment
						with each practice, and see patients			and problem	-	
						on referral.		methodologies, and see most			
									patients wit	h chronic illn	ess.
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Addressing Concerns	is not consistently done.		is provid	ed for specific	patients	is encouraged, and peer support,			is an inte	gral part of ca	are and
of Patients and			and familie	s through refer	ral.	groups, and mentoring programs			includes systematic assessment and		
Families						are available.			routine invo	olvement in pe	eer
									support, gro	oups or mento	ring
									programs.		
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Effective Behavior	are not available.		are limite	ed to the distrib	oution of	are avai	lable only by re	ferral to	are readil	y available ar	nd an
Change Interventions			pamphlets, booklets or other			specialized centers staffed by			integral par	t of routine ca	ire.
and Peer Support			written information.			trained personnel.					
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Total Self-Management Score_____

Average Score (Self Management Score / 4) _____

Part 3b: Decision Support. Effective chronic illness management programs assure that providers have access to evidence-based information necessary to care for patients--decision support. This includes evidence-based practice guidelines or protocols, specialty consultation, provider education, and activating patients to make provider teams aware of effective therapies.

Components	Level D		Level C			Level B			Level A			
Evidence-Based	are not availabl	e.	are av	ailable but are not		are availal	ole and suppor	ted by	are avail	lable, support	ted by	
Guidelines			integrate	integrated into care delivery.			provider education.			provider education and integrated		
									into care th	rough remin	ders and	
									other prove	en provider b	ehavior	
									change me	thods.		
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Involvement of	is primarily thro	ough traditional	is achieved through specialist			includes s	pecialist leade	rship	includes	specialist lea	adership	
Specialists in	referral.		leadersh	ip to enhance the c	and designat	ed specialists	who	and specialist involvement in				
Improving Primary			of the overall system to routinely			provide primary care team training.			improving	the care of pr	rimary care	
Care			implement guidelines.			6	7	8	patients.			
Score	0 1	. 2	3	4	5				9	10	11	
Provider Education	is provided spor	radically.	is prov	vided systematical	ly	is provide	d using optima	al	includes	training all p	oractice	
for Chronic Illness			through	traditional method	s.	methods (e.g. academic detailing).			teams in ch	nronic illness	care	
Care									methods su	ich as popula	tion-based	
									manageme	nt, and self-n	nanagement	
									support.			
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Informing Patients	is not done.		happe	ns on request or th	rough	is done the	rough specific	patient	includes	specific mat	erials	
about Guidelines			system publications.			education ma	aterials for eac	h	developed	for patients v	which	
						guideline.			describe their role in achieving			
									guideline adherence.			
Score	0 1	. 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	

Total Decision Support Score_____

Average Score (Decision Support Score / 4) _____

Part 3c: Delivery System Design. Evidence suggests that effective chronic illness management involves more than simply adding additional interventions to a current system focused on acute care. It may necessitate changes to the organization of practice that impact provision of care.

Components	Level D	Level C	Level B	Level A
Practice Team Functioning	is not addressed.	is addressed by assuring the availability of individuals with appropriate training in key elements of chronic illness care.	is assured by regular team meetings to address guidelines, roles and accountability, and problems in chronic illness care.	is assured by teams who meet regularly and have clearly defined roles including patient self- management education, proactive follow-up, and resource coordination and other skills in chronic illness care.
Score		3 4 5	6 7 8	9 10 11
Practice Team Leadership	is not recognized locally or by the system.	is assumed by the organization to reside in specific organizational roles.	is assured by the appointment of a team leader but the role in chronic illness is not defined.	is guaranteed by the appointment of a team leader who assures that roles and responsibilities for chronic illness care are clearly defined.
Score	0 1 2	3 4 5	6 7 8	9 10 11
Appointment System	can be used to schedule acute care visits, follow-up and preventive visits.	assures scheduled follow-up with chronically ill patients.	are flexible and can accommodate innovations such as customized visit length or group visits.	includes organization of care that facilitates the patient seeing multiple providers in a single visit.
Score	0 1 2	3 4 5	6 7 8	9 10 11
Follow-up	is scheduled by patients or providers in an ad hoc fashion.	is scheduled by the practice in accordance with guidelines.	is assured by the practice team by monitoring patient utilization.	is customized to patient needs, varies in intensity and methodology (phone, in person, email) and assures guideline follow-up.
Score	0 1 2	3 4 5	6 7 8	9 10 11
Planned Visits for Chronic Illness Care	are not used.	are occasionally used for complicated patients.	are an option for interested patients.	are used for all patients and include regular assessment, preventive interventions and attention to self-management support.
Score	0 1 2	3 4 5	6 7 8	9 10 11
Continuity of Care	is not a priority.	depends on written communication between primary care providers and specialists, case managers or disease management	between primary care providers and specialists and other relevant providers is a priority but not implemented systematically.	is a high priority and all chronic disease interventions include active coordination between primary care, specialists and other relevant

Components	Level D			Level C			Level B			Level A		
				companies.						groups.		
Score	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

(From Previous Page)

Total Delivery System Design Score_____

Average Score (Delivery System Design Score / 6) _____

Part 3d: Clinical Information Systems. Timely, useful information about individual patients and populations of patients with chronic conditions is a critical feature of effective programs, especially those that employ population-based approaches.^{7, 8}

Components	Level D		Level C			Level B			Level A		
Registry (list of patients with specific conditions)	is not available.	contact information and date contact either on paper or in			e of last	allows queries to sort sub- populations by clinical priorities.			is tied to guidelines which provide prompts and reminders about needed services.		
Score	0 1	2	compute 3	r database. 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Reminders to Providers	are not available.		include general notification of the existence of a chronic illness, but does not describe needed services at time of encounter.			includes indications of needed service for populations of patients through periodic reporting.			······································		
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Feedback Score	is not available or is not to the team.	on-specific	is provided at infrequent intervals and is delivered impersonally.			occurs at frequent enough intervals to monitor performance and is specific to the team's population.			is timely, routine and p a respected of improve tear 9	personally opinion lead	lelivered by ler to
Information about Relevant Subgroups of Patients Needing Services	is not available.		special e	can only be obtained with special efforts or additional programming.			can be obtained upon request but is not routinely available.			d routinely help them o	
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Patient Treatment Plans	are not expected.		are achieved through a standardized approach.		are established collaboratively and include self management as well as clinical goals.			are established collaborative an include self management as well as clinical management. Follow-up occurs and guides care at every point of service.			
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Total Clinical Information System Score_____

Average Score (Clinical Information System Score / 5)

Integration of Chronic Care Model Components. Effective systems of care integrate and combine all elements of the Chronic Care Model; e.g., linking patients' self-management goals to information systems/registries.

Components	Little support		Basic support			Good sup			Full support			
Informing Patients about Guidelines	…is not done.		happens on request or through system publications.			is done through specific patient education materials for each guideline.			includes specific materials developed for patients which describe their role in achieving guideline adherence.			
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Information Systems/Registries	do not include patient self- management goals.		assessmen rating; read	results of patient ts (e.g., functiona liness to engage i ent activities), but	functional statusassessments, as well as self- management goals that areassessments, as well as self- management goals that are					self- are from the nt; and ne patient follow-up		
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Community Programs	do not provide feedback to health care system/clinic abou patients' progress in their prog	t	meetings b and health	sporadic feedbac between the comm care system abou rogress in their pr	nunity It	health care formal mee	regular feedbact system/clinic u chanisms (e.g., I port) about pati	sing nternet	provide regular feedback to the health care system about patients' progress that requires input from patients that is then used to modify programs to better meet the needs of patients.			
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Organizational Planning for Chronic Illness Care	does not involve a population based approach.	on-	uses data from information systems to plan care.			uses data from information systems to proactively plan population-based care, including the development of self-management programs and partnerships with community resources.			uses systematic data and input from practice teams to proactively plan population-based care,			

Components	Little support		Basi	ic support		Good su	pport		Full supp	ort	
Score	0 1	2	3	4	5				9	10	11
Routine follow-up for appointments, patient assessments and goal planning	is not ensured.			oradically done, us ointments only.	sually for	responsib	l by assigning ilities to specific sta e manager).	aff (e.g.,	responsibi nurse case registry an	by assigning lities to specific manager) who d other promp e with patients a ctice team.	uses the ts to
	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Guidelines for chronic illness care	are not shared v	vith patients.	a spe	e given to patients ecific interest in se agement of their c	lf-	help then managem modificat when the	vided for all patien a develop effective ent or behavior ion programs, and y should see a prov	self- identify ider.	with the p manageme modificati with the g	ewed by the pra atient to devise ent or behavior on program co uidelines that ta atient's goals ar	e a self- nsistent akes into
	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	1	8	9	10	11

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Total Integration Score (SUM items): _____

Average Score (Integration Score/6) = _____

Briefly describe the process you used to fill out the form (e.g., reached consensus in a face-to-face meeting; filled out by the team leader in consultation with other team members as needed; each team member filled out a separate form and the responses were averaged).

Description:

Scoring Summary (bring forward scoring at end of each section to this page)

Average Program Score (Total Program /7)	
Overall Total Program Score (Sum of all scores)	
Total Integration Score	
Total Clinical Information System Score	
Total Delivery System Design Score	
Total Decision Support Score	
Total Self-Management Score	
Total Community Linkages Score	
Total Org. of Health Care System Score	

What does it mean?

The ACIC is organized such that the highest "score" (an "11") on any individual item, subscale, or the overall score (an average of the six ACIC subscale scores) indicates optimal support for chronic illness. The lowest possible score on any given item or subscale is a "0", which corresponds to limited support for chronic illness care. The interpretation guidelines are as follows:

Between "0" and "2" = limited support for chronic illness care Between "3" and "5" = basic support for chronic illness care Between "6" and "8" = reasonably good support for chronic illness care Between "9" and "11" = fully developed chronic illness care

It is fairly typical for teams to begin a collaborative with average scores below "5" on some (or all) areas the ACIC. After all, if everyone was providing optimal care for chronic illness, there would be no need for a chronic illness collaborative or other quality improvement programs. It is also common for teams to initially believe they are providing better care for chronic illness than they actually are. As you progress in the Collaborative, you will become more familiar with what an effective system of care involves. You may even notice your ACIC scores "declining" even though you have made improvements; this is most likely the result of your better understanding of what a good system of care looks like. Over time, as your understanding of good care increases and you continue to implement effective practice changes, you should see overall improvement on your ACIC scores.